

### **COVID-19:**

## **Data Update for Leicestershire**

Week 18 of 2021

18<sup>th</sup> May 2021

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Produced by the Strategic Business Intelligence Team at Leicestershire County Council.

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### What have we learnt from the newly released Covid-19 data?

A series of publicly available dashboards examining Covid-19 cases, deaths involving Covid-19 and a district summary are available at the below links. A summary narrative to support the data in these dashboards then follows.

- Deaths involving Covid-19
- Covid-19 Summary at District Level
- PHE Weekly Covid-19 Cases

### **1.** One death<sup>1</sup> involving Covid-19 was recorded in Leicestershire in the last week

- As of week 18 2021 (up to 7<sup>th</sup> May), there has been a total of 1,559 deaths in Leicestershire. The number of weekly counts of deaths has remained constant with 1 death in week 17 of 2021 and 1 death in week 18 of 2021.
- Of all deaths involving Covid-19 in Leicestershire, 1,041 (66.8%) were in hospital and 397 (25.5%) were in a care home.
- In week 18 in Leicestershire, there was one death in a hospital.

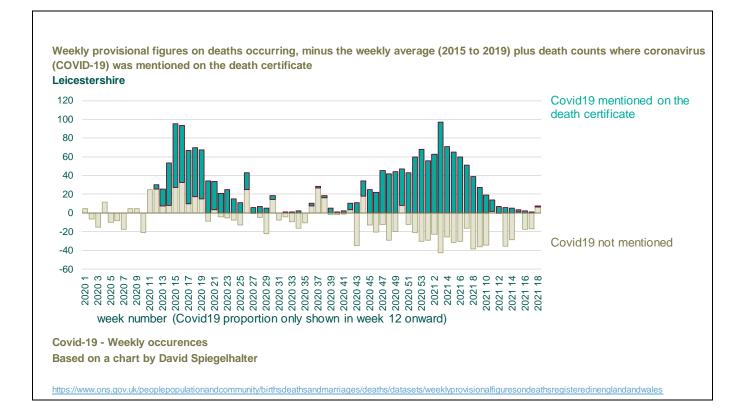
<sup>1</sup> Death counts are based on death occurrences. The death is counted as involving Covid-19 if Covid-19 was mentioned on the death certificate. Please note, Covid-19 may not have been confirmed by a test. Source: <u>Office for National Statistics</u> (2019)

	Care Home		Elsewhere		Home		Hospice		Hospital		Total				Dopulation
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	LCI	UCI	Population
Blaby	47	46.8	6	6.0	13	12.9	1	1.0	166	165.3	233	232.0	203.2	263.8	100421
Charnwood	97	53.1	8	4.4	18	9.9	6	3.3	242	132.5	371	203.1	183.0	224.9	182643
Harborough	55	59.5	1	1.1	10	10.8	2	2.2	106	114.6	174	188.1	161.2	218.2	92499
H&B	61	54.3	0	0.0	12	10.7	5	4.4	161	143.2	239	212.6	186.5	241.3	112423
Melton	44	86.1	1	2.0	6	11.7	1	2.0	65	127.2	117	229.0	189.4	274.4	51100
NWLeics	48	47.0	2	2.0	15	14.7	6	5.9	173	169.4	244	238.9	209.9	270.9	102126
0&W	45	78.9	2	3.5	6	10.5	0	0.0	128	224.3	181	317.2	272.7	367.0	57056
Leicestershire	397	56.9	20	2.9	80	11.5	21	3.0	1041	149.1	1559	223.3	212.3	234.6	698268
Rutland	32	80.6	0	0.0	5	12.6	2	5.0	36	90.7	75	188.9	148.6	236.8	39697
Leicester City	142	40.0	25	7.0	70	19.7	2	0.6	631	177.6	870	244.9	228.9	261.8	355218
LLR	571	52.2	45	4.1	155	14.2	25	2.3	1708	156.2	2504	229.1	220.2	238.2	1093183

Deaths (numbers) by local authority and place of death, for deaths that occurred up to 7<sup>th</sup> May but were registered up to 15<sup>th</sup> May.

#### 2. Seven excess deaths were recorded in the last week in Leicestershire

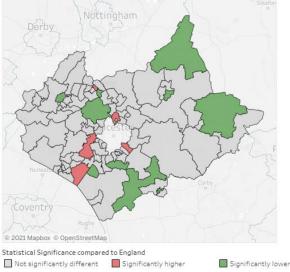
- Counts of excess deaths in Leicestershire have fluctuated over the last 5 weeks. The number of all deaths seen has increased from week 17 2021 to week 18 2021. The latest figures from ONS show that 111 deaths occurred in Leicestershire in week 18 of 2021. There were seven excess deaths reported in the last week.
- The latest weeks data shows that there was one death that mentioned Covid-19 on the death certificate in week 18.



# **3.** Two areas in Blaby, two areas in Charnwood and one area in Oadby and Wigston has a significantly higher percentage of deaths involving Covid-19 than the national percentage

- The map below examines the statistical significance compared to England, of the percentage of deaths involving Covid-19 by Middle Layer Super Output Area (MSOA) in Leicestershire and Rutland. These deaths occurred between 1<sup>st</sup> March 2020 and 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021.
- Stoney Stanton, Sapcote & Sharnton in Blaby recorded 33 deaths involving Covid-19 in this time period, this represented 28.4% of all deaths. Kirby Muxloe and Thurlaston in Blaby recorded 31 deaths involving Covid-19 in this time period, this represented 28.2% of all deaths. Loughborough Storer & Queen's Park in Charnwood recorded 24 deaths involving Covid-19 in this time period, this represented 26.1% of all deaths. Birstall Wanlip & Riverside in Charnwood recorded 30 deaths involving Covid-19 in this time period, this represented 25.6% of all deaths. Oadby North & East in Oadby and Wigston recorded 38 deaths involving Covid-19 which represented 25.2% of all deaths.
- Nationally, deaths involving Covid-19 made up under a fifth (17.9%) of all deaths.
- 10 MSOAs in Leicestershire and Rutland have a significantly lower percentage of deaths involving Covid-19 compared to England. These are:
  - Bottesfored, Harby & Croxton Kerrial in Melton (12, 10.3%)
  - Loughborough Shelthorpe & Woodthorpe in Charnwood (10, 10.2%)
  - Market Harborough Central in Harborough (10, 9.3%)
  - Broughton Astley in Harborough (8, 9.2%)
  - Thurcaston, Woodhouse & Bradgate in Charnwood (8, 9.0%)
  - Market Overton, Cottesmore & Empingham in Rutland (6, 8.7%)
  - o Countesthorpe & Kilby in Blaby (6, 8.5%)
  - Thringstone & Swanningtion in North West Leicestershire (7, 8.0%)
  - Melton Mowbray South in Melton (7, 7.6%)
  - Fleckney, Kilworth & Foxton in Harborough (7, 6.1%)
- Further data examining deaths involving Covid-19 by local area is available in the dashboard available at <u>this link</u>.

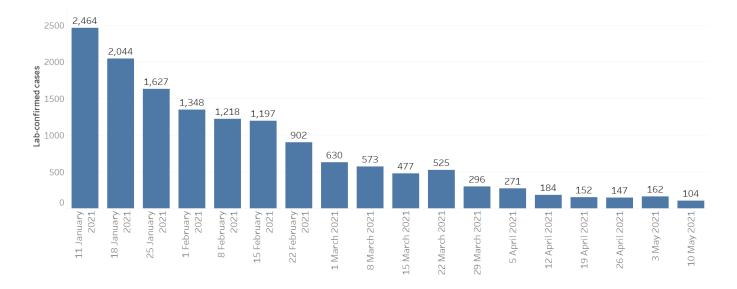
Statistical Significance compared to England of the deaths involving Covid-19 by Middle Layer Super Output Area, Leicestershire and Rutland, deaths occurring between 1<sup>st</sup> March 2020 and 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021.



#### 4. Weekly counts of cases have decreased in the past week in Leicestershire

NOTE: On 16<sup>th</sup> November 2020, Pubic Health Engalnd updated the way it records the location of people who test positive or negative for Covid-19. It now prioritises addresses given at the point of testing over the details registered on a patient's NHS Summary Care Record. This better reflects the distribution of cases and testing. However, it may give rise to differences in previously reported numbers of cases and rates in some areas. The change has been retrospectively applied to tests carried out from 1<sup>st</sup> September 2020, and data reports were updated to reflect this change on 16<sup>th</sup> November 2020.

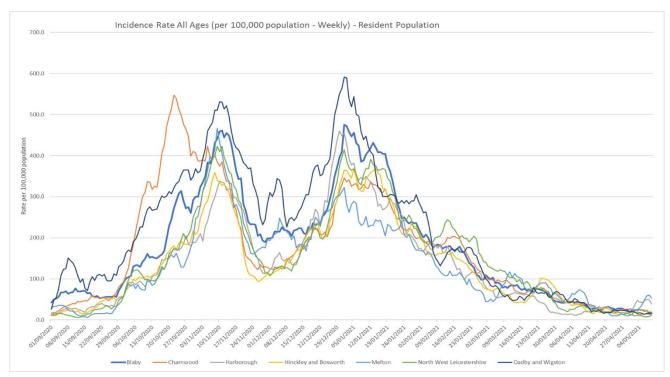
- As of 16<sup>th</sup> May, Leicestershire has recorded a total of 44,993 lab-confirmed cases of Covid-19. This data relates to pillar 1 and 2 cases.
- Throughout September and October to the second week of November the weekly counts of cases had shown an increasing trend in Leicestershire. For the two weeks following this, the counts of cases decreased. Between then and the end of December the case count increased, since then the weekly counts of cases have shown a decreasing trend.
- The latest weekly data shows 104 cases have been confirmed in Leicestershire in the last week. This count has decreased compared to the previous week where 162 cases were confirmed.



### 5. Melton has the highest weekly incidence rate of Covid-19 cases for people of all ages in the county

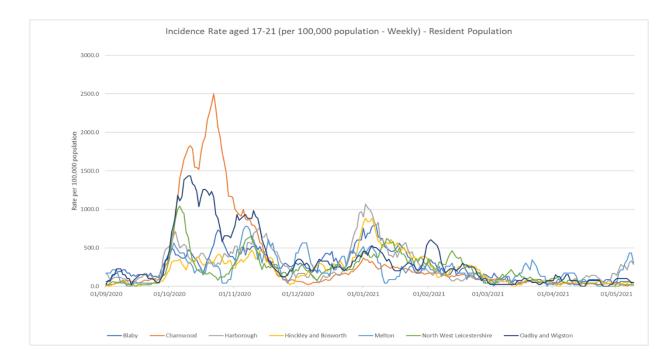
NOTE: On 16<sup>th</sup> November 2020, Pubic Health Engalnd updated the way it records the location of people who test positive or negative for Covid-19. It now prioritises addresses given at the point of testing over the details registered on a patient's NHS Summary Care Record. This better reflects the distribution of cases and testing. However, it may give rise to differences in previously reported numbers of cases and rates in some areas. The change has been retrospectively applied to tests carried out from 1<sup>st</sup> September 2020, and data reports were updated to reflect this change on 16<sup>th</sup> November 2020.

- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in Leicestershire had shown an increasing trend from mid-September to the second week of November. Throughout the remainder of November, the incidence rate in Leicestershire had shown a declining trend for people of all ages, but then increased throughout December. Between the beginning of January and the final week of April the incidence rate in Leicestershire had shown a declining trend. Since then, the rate has fluctuated. The incidence rate in Leicestershire is lower (21.2 per 100,000 population) than the national rate (23.0 per 100,000 population) as of 9<sup>th</sup> May 2021.
- The latest weekly incidence rates of Covid-19 cases for people of all ages (as of 9<sup>th</sup> May) show that the following area rates in Leicestershire are higher than the national rate (23.0 per 100,000 population):
  - Melton; 52.7 per 100,000 (27 cases)
  - Harborough; 39.4 per 100,000 (37 cases)
- The following area rates in Leicestershire are lower than the national rate (23.0 per 100,000 population):
  - Hinckley & Bosworth; 21.2 per 100,000 (24 cases)
  - Oadby and Wigston; 17.5 per 100,000 (10 cases)
  - Blaby; 15.8 per 100,000 (16 cases)
  - North West Leicestershire; 12.5 per 100,000 (13 cases)
  - Charnwood; 12.4 per 100,000 (23 cases)
- Rutland has a lower incidence rate of Covid-19 cases (20.0 per 100,000) than England for people of all ages. This equates to 8 cases.



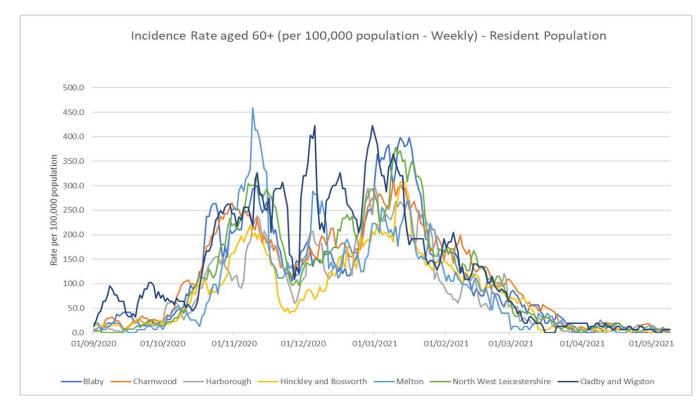
### 6. Melton has the highest weekly incidence rate of Covid-19 cases for people aged 17-21 in the county

- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in people aged 17-21 in Leicestershire had been increasing since mid-September and peaked around the 22<sup>nd</sup> October. From the 22<sup>nd</sup> October to the end of November, the incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in people aged 17-21 in Leicestershire declined, with the exception of the first week of November where the rate fluctuated. Then through December the rate showed an increasing trend until the 5<sup>th</sup> of January. Between then and April 5<sup>th</sup> the rates had been declining. Since April 5<sup>th</sup> the rate has fluctuated.
- As of the 9<sup>th</sup> of May, the rate for Leicestershire (68.1 per 100,000 population) is higher than the national rate for this age group (35.2 per 100,000 population).
- The latest weekly incidence rates of Covid-19 cases for people aged 17-21 (as of 9<sup>th</sup> May) show that the following area rates in Leicestershire are higher than the national rate (35.2 per 100,000 population):
  - Melton; 302.9 per 100,000 (7 cases)
  - Harborough; 285.0 per 100,000 (12 cases)
  - Oadby & Wigston; 50.4 per 100,000 (2 cases)
  - Blaby; 43.1 per 100,000 (2 cases)
  - Hinckley & Bosworth; 39.2 per 100,000 (2 cases)
- The following area rates in Leicestershire are lower than the national rate (35.2 per 100,000 population):
  - North West Leicestershire; 20.0 per 100,000 (1 case)
  - Charnwood; 17.3 per 100,000 (3 cases)
- Rutland has a higher incidence rate of Covid-19 cases (58.7 per 100,000) than England for people aged 17-21. This equates to 1 case.



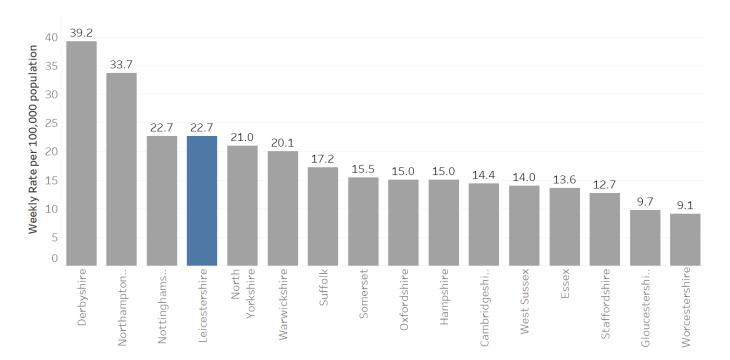
#### 7. North West Leicestershire has the highest weekly incidence rate of Covid-19 cases for people aged 60+ in the county

- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in people aged 60+ in Leicestershire had been increasing from the end of September to the 11<sup>th</sup> of November. From the 11<sup>th</sup> November to the beginning of December, the rate declined. From the beginning of December the incidence rate of Covid-19 cases in people aged 60+ in Leicestershire had fluctuated, with the exception of the last week of December where the rate showed an increasing trend. Since the beginning of January the rate has shown a declining trend, with the exception of the first two weeks of April where the rate increased. The rate for Leicestershire (2.1 per 100,000 population) is lower than the national rate (6.9 per 100,000 population) as of 9<sup>th</sup> May.
- As of 9<sup>th</sup> May, North West Leicestershire has a higher incidence rate of Covid-19 cases (7.4 per 100,000) than England for people aged 60+. This equates to 2 cases.
- The following area rates in Leicestershire are lower than the national rate (6.9 per 100,000 population) for people aged 60+:
  - Oadby & Wigston; 6.4 per 100,000 (1 case)
  - Hinckley & Bosworth; 3.1 per 100,000 (1 case)
  - Charnwood; 0.0 per 100,000 (0 cases)
  - Melton; 0.0 per 100,000 (0 cases)
  - Harborough; 0.0 per 100,000 (0 cases)
  - Blaby; 0.0 per 100,000 (0 cases)
- Rutland has a higher incidence rate of Covid-19 cases (7.9 per 100,000) than England for people aged 60+. This equates to 1 case.



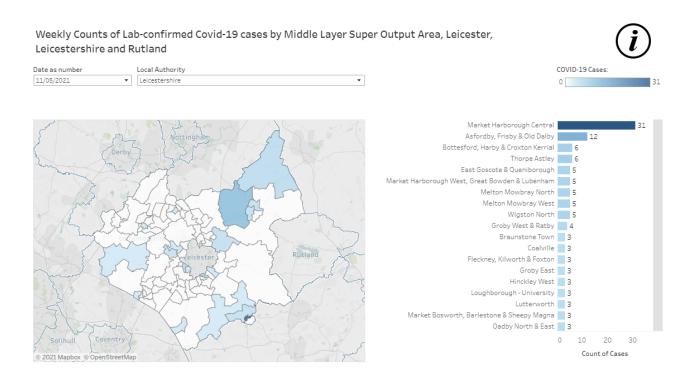
#### 8. Leicestershire has seen an increase in the weekly rate of Covid-19 cases

- There has been an increase in the weekly rate of Covid-19 cases in Leicestershire from 20.7 (per 100,000 population) in week 17 of 2021 to 22.7 (per 100,000 population) in week 18 of 2021.
- As of week 18 (3<sup>rd</sup> May to 9<sup>th</sup> May 2021), Leicestershire is ranked 53<sup>rd</sup> (highest) out of 149 upper tier local authorities and ranked the 4<sup>th</sup> (highest) out of its CIPFA similar areas.



### 9. The MSOA with the highest count of Covid-19 cases in the last week was Market Harborough Central in Harborough.

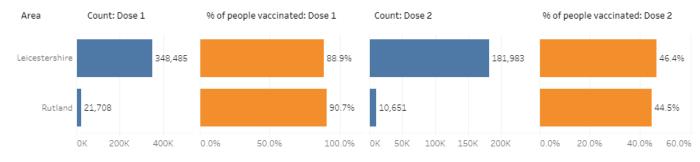
- Up to 11<sup>th</sup> May (week 18 of 2021), the Middle Super Output Area (MSOA) with the highest count of confirmed cases of Covid-19 was Market Harborough Central with 31 reported cases. This was followed by:
  - Asfordby, Frisby & Old Dalby (12)
  - Bottesford, Harby & Croxton Kerrial (6), Thorpe Astley (6)
  - East Goscote & Queniborough (5), Market Harborough West, Great Bowden & Lubenham (5), Melton Mowbray North (5), Melton Mowbray West (5), Wigston North (5)
- All other areas recorded less than 5 cases in the last week.
- Areas that recorded between zero and two cases in the last week have been suppressed due to data disclosure and are represented as white in the map below.



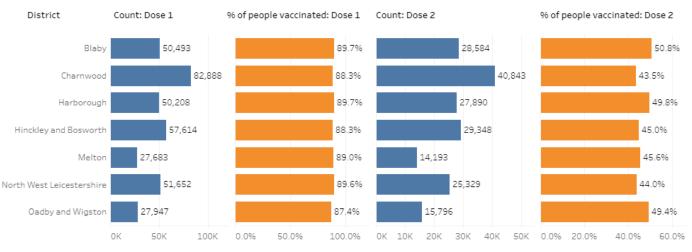
#### 10. Covid-19 Vaccination Uptake Summary

The following tables show a summary of Covid-19 vaccination uptake by Local Authority and District with a breakdown for the over 40 age cohort.

 Up to 9<sup>th</sup> May 2021, the Covid-19 dose 1 vaccination uptake for the over 40 age cohort was 88.9% in Leicestershire and 90.7% in Rutland. The Covid-19 dose 2 vaccination uptake for the over 40 age cohort in Leicestershire was 46.4%, whilst the dose 2 uptake in Rutland was 44.5%.

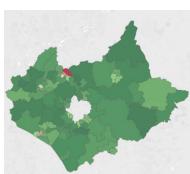


• All districts have a Covid-19 dose 1 vaccination uptake for the over 40 age cohort of over 85%, with Blaby and Harborough having the joint highest uptake with 89.7% and Oadby and Wigston having the lowest with 87.4%. Most districts (apart from Charnwood and North West Leicestershire) have a Covid-19 dose 2 vaccination uptake for the over 40 age cohort of at least 45%, with Blaby having the highest uptake with 50.8% and Charnwood having the lowest with 43.5%.



The following map shows a summary of Covid-19 vaccination uptake (dose 1) in Leicestershire and Rutland by Middle Super Output Area (MSOA) for the over 40 age cohort.

- Up to 9<sup>th</sup> May 2021, the MSOAs with the highest Covid-19 vaccination uptake for the over 40 age cohort were:
  - o Countesthorpe & Kilby; 92.8%
  - o Barrow upon Soar; 92.8%
  - Ashby de la Zouch South; 92.8%
  - Uppingham, Lyddington & Braunston; 92.8%
- Loughborough Lemyngton & Hastings was the MSOA with the lowest Covid-19 vaccination uptake for the over 40 age cohort with an uptake of 71.6%. This was followed by:
  - Loughborough Storer & Queen's Park; 78.0%
  - o Hinckley Central; 79.5%
  - Loughborough University; 82.1%



Percentage vaccinated 71.6% 92.8%

#### **11. District Level Summary**

- **Oadby & Wigston** continues to have the highest rate of Covid-19 cases and deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly higher in comparison to the England average.
- From the beginning of September to the 9<sup>th</sup> November, the weekly counts of cases had shown an increasing trend in Oadby and Wigston. Between the w/c 9<sup>th</sup> November and the w/c 28<sup>th</sup> December, the weekly counts of cases fluctuated. Since then the weekly counts of cases have shown a declining trend in Oadby and Wigston, with the exception of the last three weeks where the counts of cases have fluctuated.
- The weekly counts of cases have increased from 8 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 11 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weeks data on death occurrences shows no deaths involving Covid-19 were recorded in Oadby & Wigston in week 18 of 2021.
- North West Leicestershire has the fourth highest rate of Covid-19 cases and the second highest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower than the England average.
- From early September to the 9<sup>th</sup> November an increasing trend in the weekly counts of cases had been witnessed in North West Leicestershire. Following this, the weekly counts of cases decreased each week for four weeks. The weekly counts of cases then increased for three weeks, before showing a declining trend throughout January, February, March, April and into May.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have increased from 8 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 11 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weekly count of deaths involving Covid-19 show no deaths involving Covid-19 occurred in North West Leicestershire in week 18 of 2021.
- **Blaby** has the second highest rate of Covid-19 cases in the county and the third highest rate of deaths. The rate of cumulative cases is not significantly different to the England average.
- From mid-September, the weekly counts of cases in Blaby had shown an increasing trend, with a peak around the 9<sup>th</sup> of November. From then, the weekly counts of cases have fluctuated, with the exception of the last three weeks of December and the first week of January where the weekly counts of cases increased each week. Since the 4<sup>th</sup> of January, the weekly counts of cases have shown a declining trend in Blaby.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 23 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 14 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weeks data shows no deaths involving Covid-19 were recorded in Blaby in week 18 of 2021.
- **Melton** has the lowest rate of Covid-19 cases and the fourth highest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower than the England average.
- From mid-September, the weekly counts of cases had been increasing week on week in Melton, showing a peak around the 9<sup>th</sup> of November, a second peak was witnessed around 28<sup>th</sup> of December. Since then, the weekly counts of cases have shown a declining trend, with the exception of the last ten weeks where the weekly counts of cases in Melton have fluctuated.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 25 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 14 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weekly count of deaths involving Covid-19 shows that no deaths occurred in Melton in week 18 of 2021.

- **Hinckley & Bosworth** has the second lowest rate of Covid-19 cases and third lowest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower compared to the England average.
- From mid-September to the 9<sup>th</sup> of November, the weekly counts of cases had increased each week in Hinckley and Bosworth. The weekly counts of cases had fluctuated from November 9<sup>th</sup> to January 11<sup>th</sup>. Between January 11<sup>th</sup> and March 15<sup>th</sup> the weekly counts of cases decreased, before fluctuating for the last eight weeks.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 28 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 16 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weeks data shows no deaths involving Covid-19 were recorded in Hinckley & Bosworth in week 18 of 2021.
- **Charnwood** has the third highest rate of Covid-19 cases and the second lowest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower in comparison to the England average.
- The weekly counts of cases in Charnwood had shown an increasing trend from early September to mid-October, showing a peak around the 19<sup>th</sup> of October. Between the 19<sup>th</sup> of October and the 23<sup>rd</sup> November the weekly counts of cases showed a declining trend. Following this, the weekly counts of cases increased each week in Charnwood, peaking around December 28<sup>th</sup>.
   Since then the rate had shown a declining trend.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 26 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 20 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weeks data shows one death involving Covid-19 was recorded in Charnwood in week 18 of 2021; this death occurred in a hospital.
- **Harborough** has the third lowest rate of Covid-19 cases and the lowest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower in comparison to the England average.
- From the beginning of September to the 9<sup>th</sup> November, the weekly counts of cases had shown an increasing trend in Harborough. Between the w/c 9<sup>th</sup> November and the w/c 7<sup>th</sup> December the weekly counts of cases showed a declining trend. Between then and December 28<sup>th</sup>, the weekly counts of cases had increased each week before showing a declining trend until the end of March. Throughout April and the beginning of May the rate has shown an increasing trend.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 44 in w/c 3<sup>rd</sup> May to 18 in w/c 10<sup>th</sup> May.
- The latest weeks data shows no deaths involving Covid-19 were recorded in Harborough in week 18 of 2021.



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જો આપ આ માહિતી આપની ભાષામાં સમજવામાં થોડી મદદ ઇચ્છતાં હો તો 0116 305 6803 નંબર પર ફોન કરશો અને અમે આપને મદદ કરવા વ્યવસ્થા કરીશું.

ਜੇਕਰ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਵਿਚ ਕੁਝ ਮਦਦ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ ਕਿਰਪਾ ਕਰਕੇ 0116 305 6803 ਨੰਬਰ ਤੇ ਫ਼ੋਨ ਕਰੋ ਅਤੇ ਅਸੀਂ ਤੁਹਾਡੀ ਮਦਦ ਲਈ ਕਿਸੇ ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਬੰਧ ਕਰ ਦਵਾਂਗੇ।

এই তথ্য নিজের ভাষায় বুঝার জন্য আপনার যদি কোন সাহায্যের প্রয়োজন হয়, তবে 0116 305 6803 এই নম্বরে ফোন করলে আমরা উপযুক্ত ব্যক্তির ব্যবস্থা করবো।

اگر آپ کو بیہ معلومات سمجھنے میں کچھ مد د درکا رہے تو براہ مہر بانی اس نمبر پر کال کریں 0116 305 6803 اور ہم آپ کی مد د کے لئے کسی کا انتظام کر دیں گے۔

假如閣下需要幫助,用你的語言去明白這些資訊, 請致電 0116 305 6803,我們會安排有關人員為你 提供幫助。

Jeżeli potrzebujesz pomocy w zrozumieniu tej informacji w Twoim języku, zadzwoń pod numer 0116 305 6803, a my Ci dopomożemy.

Strategic Business Intelligence Team Strategy and Business Intelligence Branch

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